# VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonowous), HYDERABAD <br> M.C.A. I Year II-Semester (Supplementary) Examinations, December - 2016 

## Time: 3 hours

## Data Structures

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE questions firom Part- $\mathrm{l}^{3}$

## Part-A ( $10 \times 2=20$ Marks $)$

1. An algorithm's behavior pattern or performance profile is measured i.t terms of the
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$ that are consumed while the algorithm is processing.
2. When $m \times n$ (read $m$ has ___ elements and when $m=n$, we call $i t$ as $\qquad$
3. Explain Stack Abstract data type supporting methods Pop 0 $\qquad$
4. An Expression is made up of
5. Explain , $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
6. Finl
7. Wh the number of distinct binary trees with 3 nodes.
8. What is the purpose of external sorting?
9. Briefly ex plain hash table with an example.
10. The graph s $G 1$ with vertices $V(G 1)=\{1,2,3,4\} ; E(G 1)=\{(1,2),(1,3),(1,4),(2,3),(2,4),(3,4)\}$ is directed or undirected explain?
$\qquad$

## Part-B ( 5 X 10=50 Marks)

11. a) Differentiate between Circular List and Double Linked List.
b) Define a sparse matrix. How do you represent a sparse matrix?
12. a) Explain "A Mazing Problem".
b) Write an algorithm for evaluating a postfix expressions using stacks.
13. a) Explaint the purpose of $m$-way search trees.
b) Prove the following statement:

If a coraplete binary tree with n nodes (i.e., depth $=[\log 2 n]+1$ ) is Represented sequen tially then for any node with index $i$, then we have:
LCHIL D ( $i$ ) is at $2 i$ if $2 i<n$. If $2 i>n$, then $i$ has no left child.
14. a) Differentiate between Heap and Merge Sort.
b) Show that algorithm QSORT takes $O(n 2)$ time when the input file is already in sorted order.
15. a) Explain "Minimum Cost Spanning Trees"
b) Demonstrate various ways of representing graphs.
16. a) Write an algorithm for a binary search.
b) Design an algorithm to copy a sparse matrix.
17. Answer any two of the following:
a) Create a Binary Search Tree for the following data and write the inorder, preorder and postor der forms of the data $23,5,17,21,7,22,19,2,9,10$
b) Sort the following data using selection sort. $76,24,45,24,17,52,7,81,36,5$.
c) Compare and Contrast Prim's and Kruskals's algorithm.

